# **City of Myrtle Beach**

FY23 1<sup>st</sup> Reading of FY22-23 Budget Ordinance

May 24, 2022

	FY2020-21 Actual	FY2021-22 Budget	FY2022-23 Recommended Budget	%Δ
Governmental Operations	\$ 237,914,404	\$ 225,626,586	\$ 234,571,906	4.0%
Enterprise Operations	46,140,008	47,259,257	51,413,799	8.8%
Total Operating Budget	284,054,412	272,885,843	285,985,706	4.8%
Governmental Capital Projects Reconciling Items	12,160,779	55,905,308	38,555,750	-31.0%
Enterprise Capital Projects	2,147,848			-14.6%
Total Reconciling Items	2,147,848	27,999,400	23,914,000	-14.6%
Less: Interfund Transfers	(63,578,875	(64,705,161)	(56,251,069)	-13.1%
Grand Total Appropriations	\$ 234,784,164	\$ 292,085,390	\$ 292,204,387	0.04%

- General Fund projected balance is in within the City's minimum policy objective with current Unassigned Fund Balance as a percentage of expenditures at 19.8% for FY23.
- Municipal Debt Service Fund projected balance as a percentage of Unreserved Fund Balance to recurring expenditures is at 35.0%
- Water & Sewer Fund Ratio of Net Earnings to Debt Service is projected to be 1.7x (recurring revenue equal 1.7x annual debt service requirements)
- The Self Insurance, Health Insurance, and RHRA Savings (retiree health) Internal Service Funds are projected to have a \$1.8M increase in Net Assets in FY23. The deficit in the Health Insurance Fund should be eliminated over the next three fiscal years.

- 10 mill Property Tax Increase
- Storm Water rate increase of \$1.67 monthly per ERU, an increase of \$20.04 per year for a residential customer.
- Water & Sewer rate increase of 4.0 5.0%, an estimated increase of \$2.58 per month for a residential customer.
- Parking Fees increase of \$.50 \$1.25 Hourly, \$2.00 \$5.00 Daily, and \$20.00 for a weekly on-street pass. (Non-Resident Annual Vehicle & Golf Cart, Employee and Replacement Decal fees unchanged.)
- Sports Tourism increase Seasonal Multipliers from 1.25/1.5 to 2.0, the Venue Usage fee for Ashley Booth Field from \$300/day to \$500/day, adjust the Admission revenue split, and adjustment of the Incentive Discount for athletes that secure accommodations inside the City.
- No Residential Solid Waste Fee Increase, consideration of a convenience fee for Commercial Haulers

• No Business License rate increase

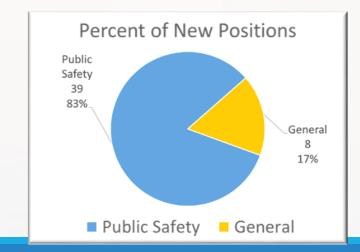


• No Building Permit fee increase

No rate increases for Recreation or MB Convention Center



- The FY 23 recommended Budget includes:
  - Implementation of the Compensation & Classification Study
  - Addition of 47 new positions, 83% of which are or support Public Safety
    - 25 Police positions
    - 3 Ocean Rescue Lieutenants
    - 3 Opioid Outreach Team Members
    - 2 Code Enforcement Officers, Property Maintenance
    - 6 Right of Way Team Members for Beautification & Street End Maintenance
    - 1 Teen Programs Recreation Leader (L.I.T. program)
    - 1 Cybersecurity Analyst
    - 1 Human Resources Technician
    - 1 Utility Billing Customer Service Representative
    - 2 Convention Center Maintenance Workers
    - 1 Water Division Heavy Equipment Operator
    - 1 Sewer Division Pump Mechanic



### FY23 Proposed Millage Increase – 10 mills

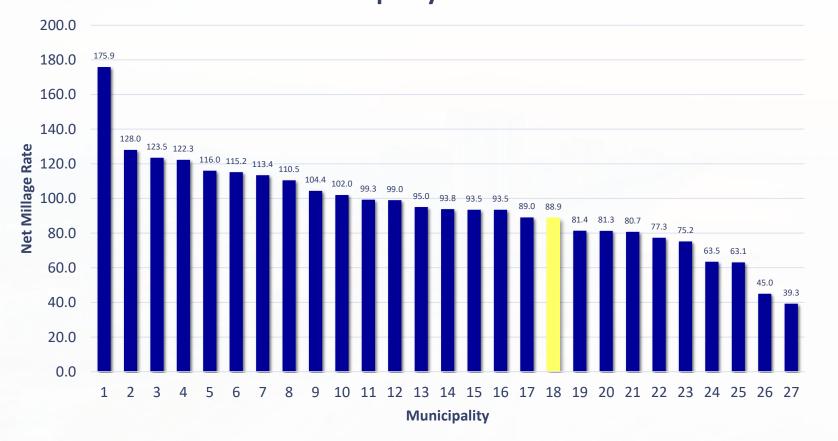
#### **10 Mill Property Tax Increase**

#### 4% Assessed Property (Owner Occupied)

				Freeze Credit	
4% Property Value	FY22 78.9	FY23 88.9	Increase Over FY22	FY23 88.9	Increase Over FY22
Value	70.5	00.5	OVELLIZE	 00.5	01011122
\$100,000	\$76	\$85	\$10	\$116	\$40
\$250,000	\$189	\$213	\$24	\$289	\$100
\$500,000	\$379	\$427	\$48	\$579	\$200

6% Assessed Property			Maintain Credit	76.01%	
Prope	rty FY22	FY23	Increase	FY23 Credit:	67.6 mills
Valu	e 78.9	88.9	Over FY22	Net Tax Millage:	21.3 mills
\$100,C	00 \$473	\$533	\$60		
\$250,0	00 \$1,184	\$1,334	\$150		
\$500,C	00 \$2,367	\$2,667	\$300	Freeze Credit	67.45%
				FY23 Credit:	60.0 mills
				Net Tax Millage:	28.9 mills

#### Comparison of Selected City's Gross Property Tax Rates



1. Lancaster 2. Clover 3. Laurens 4. Gaffney 5. Anderson 6. York 7. Clinton 8. Abbeville 9. Spartanburg 10.Sumter 11.Westminster 12.Greer 13.N. Charleston 14.Columbia 15.Rock Hill 16.Union 17.Tega Cay

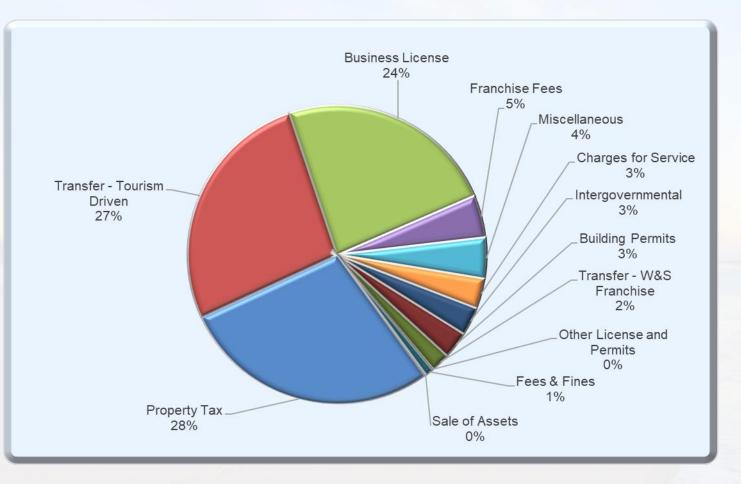
19.Greenville 20.Charleston 21.Newberry 22.Conway 23.Fort Mill 24.Easley 25.Florence 26.N. Myrtle Beach 27.Mt. Pleasant

#### Comparison of Selected Cities Net Residential Property Tax Rates (Freezing Tax Credit)



1. Clover 2. Anderson 3. York 4. Spartanburg 5. Westminster 6. Greer 7. Rock Hill 8. Union 9. Tega Cay 10.Lancaster 11.Greenville 12.Newberry 13.Conway 14.Fort Mill 15.N. Charleston 16.Gaffney 17.Charleston 18.Abbeville 19.Laurens 20.N. Myrtle Beach 21.Sumter 22.Columbia 23.Mt. Pleasant 24.Clinton **25.Myrtle Beach** 26.Florence 27.Easley

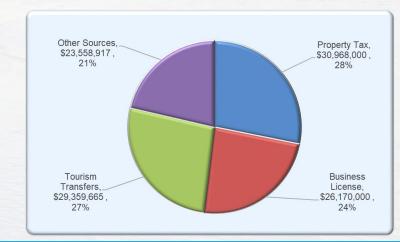
### FY 23 General Fund Revenue



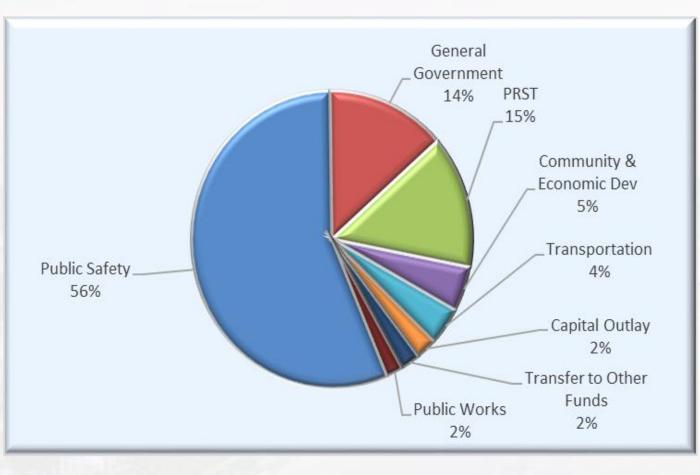
#### General Fund Revenue

Property Tax	\$ 30,968,000	28.1%
Transfer - Tourism Driven	29,359,665	26.7%
Business License	26,170,000	23.8%
Franchise Fees	5,020,500	4.6%
Miscellaneous	4,877,033	4.4%
Charges for Service	3,591,160	3.3%
Intergovernmental	3,364,743	3.1%
Building Permits	3,200,000	2.9%
Transfer - W&S Franchise	2,248,981	2.0%
Other License and Permits	126,500	0.1%
Fees & Fines	930,000	0.8%
Sale of Assets	 200,000	0.2%

\$ 110,056,582



### Fiscal Year 2023 General Fund Expenditures



#### General Fund Expenditures

Public Safety	\$61,832,044	56.2%
General Government	15,107,377	13.7%
PRST	15,958,794	14.5%
Community & Economic Dev	5,399,424	4.9%
Transportation	4,557,848	4.1%
Capital Outlay	2,658,395	2.4%
Transfer to Other Funds	2,435,416	2.2%
Public Works	2,107,284	1.9%
	\$110,056,582	

Public Safety					
Police	39,797,148				
Fire	22,034,896				
Public Safety Capital	2,204,495				
	\$64,036,539				
Public Safety % Budget	58.2%				

### Fiscal Year 2023 Capital Improvement Plan

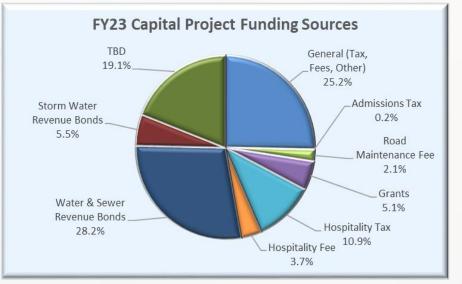
- General Pay-Go Projects \$6.2m
- Historic Boardwalk & Ocean Boulevard Projects \$725k
- Baseball Stadium Project \$95k
- Golf Course Projects \$47k
- MB Convention Center Projects \$800k
- MBAFB Redevelopment Projects \$6.6m
- Arts & Innovation District Projects \$16.2m
- Storm Water Projects \$7.9m
- Water & Sewer Projects \$23.7m
- Solid Waste Management Projects \$200k

#### Additions since Budget Workshop:

- Doug Shaw Visitors Locker Rooms \$50k for Engineering /Design
- Sidewalk Grinding & Repair Increased from \$100k to \$200k
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue Sidewalk \$75k for Engineering/Design
- Ocean Boulevard Cross Walk Lighting \$100,000

Capital	Projects	Funding	Sources

General (Tax, Fees, Other)	\$15,719,490	25.2%
Admissions Tax	112,712	0.2%
Road Maintenance Fee	1,300,000	2.1%
Grants	3,215,200	5.1%
Hospitality Tax	6,785,148	10.9%
Hospitality Fee	2,314,000	3.7%
Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds	17,621,500	28.2%
Storm Water Revenue Bonds	3,465,000	5.5%
TBD	11,936,700	19.1%
Total FY23 Projects	\$62,469,750	



Overall proposed allocation for FY23 is unchanged, funding shifted between projects to accommodate additions.

### **BUYING POWER OF TYPICAL HOUSEHOLD**

#### Household:

Based upon a house valued at \$295,000, two cars valued at \$34,746, and monthly household water consumption of 7,500 gallons, a typical Myrtle Beach household will pay the City's General Government a Total of \$1,869.98 this year. This includes:

City Property Taxes	\$526.36
Water and Sewer charge	s 691.38
Storm Water Fees	111.60
Solid Waste Fees	369.60
Tourism Development Fe	e 260.40
Annual Total	\$1,959.34







If you are the typical City resident, your \$1,959.34 will buy any one of these things:

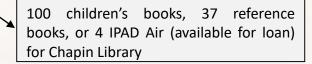
Equates to \$163.28 / Month

Two bullet-proof vests or a gun and body camera for one Police Officer

70% of the cost of Turn Out Gear for one Fire Fighter or 700 ft. of fire hose

About 4 days' salary and benefits for an entry-level Police Officer or Firefighter

75 linear feet of new paving, 17 street signs, or 70 linear feet of sidewalk



100 cubic yards of mulch for landscaped medians and parks

Outfit 15 children for youth football with a helmet, shoulder pads, pants and pads, and a jersey





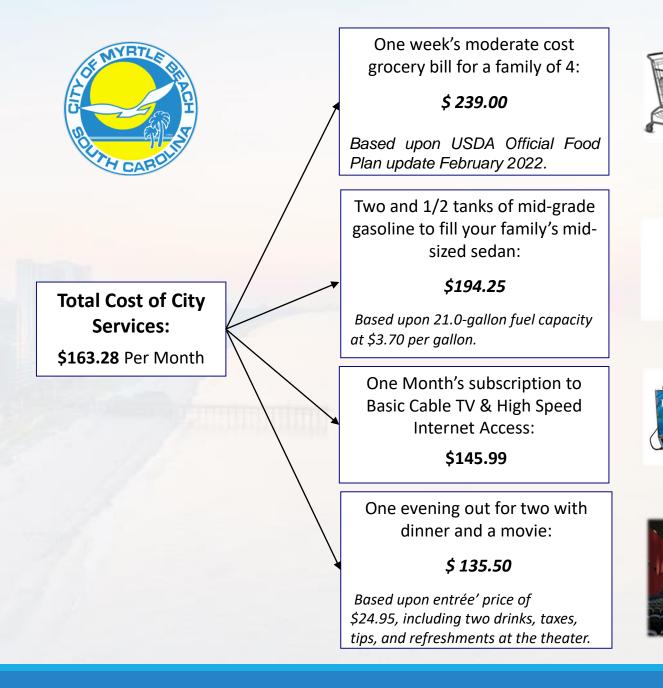






### City Services:

- ✓ 24-hour police protection
- Criminal Investigation
- ✓ Traffic Enforcement
- ✓ Crime Prevention Programs
- School Resource Officer's Program
- ✓ 24-hour Fire protection
- ✓ Fire Prevention Services
- ✓ 24-hour Emergency Medical Response
- ✓ Hazardous Materials Response
- Street Construction and Maintenance
- ✓ Traffic Signals and Street Lighting
- ✓ Street Cleaning
- ✓ Drainage System Maintenance & Improvements
- ✓ Water & Sewer service and system maintenance
- ✓ Waste Management and Recycling Service
- Parks and Recreation Facilities and Programs
- ✓ Street Tree Planting and Maintenance
- ✓ Community Planning, Zoning, Development Review
- ✓ Neighborhood Services
- Construction Services
- Municipal Court
- ✓ Various Economic Development Services
- All Municipal Legislative, Management and Support Services
- Free parking at metered City parking spaces, the MB Convention Center, and the John T Rhodes Sports Center



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#### City Debt- 10 Year Schedule



- 2012 Phase IV Grand Park & MBCC Roof
- 2014 Sports Complex and MBCC HVAC System & 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue Outfall
- 2014 & 2016 Water & Sewer System Upgrades & Repairs
- 2018 Mary C Canty & Doug Shaw Stadium Renovations
- 2019 ERP System
- **2020 Transfer Station & Compactor Lease**

### Fiscal Year 22-23 Revenue & Expenditure Assumptions

- Property Tax revenues will remain stable with much of the residential and commercial growth occurring in the MB Air Force Base TIF District, the Mutli-County Business Park, and the Ocean Front/Downtown Redevelopment TIF.
- Tourism driven tax and fee revenues are expected to remain strong near-term , however growth at the historic level seen over the last fiscal year is not expected to continue.
- Construction Permitting shows no sign of slowing near-term, however it is unknown how long the rapid growth will continue as housing prices and interest rates climb.
- Operational and Capital costs will continue to rise as a result of :
  - Wage Inflation
  - Supply Chain constraints
  - Fuel Inflation
  - Materials & Supply Inflation

KPMG Forecast for the U.S.			
	2021	2022	2023
GDP	5.7	3.1	2.1
Inflation	4.7	8.2	3.7
Unemployment Rate	5.4	3.6	4.1
Source: BLS, BEA, KPMG Analysis			

### Fiscal Year 23-24 Economic Outlook

#### • High Inflation & Low Unemployment rates

"Over the last 75 years, every time inflation has exceeded 4% and unemployment has gone below 5%, the U.S. economy has gone into a recession within two years." Lawrence Summers, Former U.S. Treasury Secretary

#### Inversion of the Yield Curve

According to an April 9, 2022 article in Fortune Magazine, "A 2s/10s yield curve inversion where yields on short-term two-year government bonds outpace those on long-term 10-year government bonds has predicted every recession since 1955, with only one false signal during that time. The average time frame for a recession after the yield curve inverts: between 6 and 24 months hence, all the predictions of a recession by 2023."

#### **Federal Reserve Interest Rate Increase Timing**

The Federal Reserve is faced with a difficult task, raising interest rates and ending QE in order to cool economic growth and combat inflation—all without causing a recession, a so-called soft landing for the U.S. economy

### Fiscal Year 23-24 Managing Economic Challenges

Continual monitoring of the economic environment and monthly financial status

- If revenues track lower than expected or expenditures track higher as a result of rising inflation:
  - Delay Capital Spending
  - Freeze Vacancies
  - Reduce Temporary & Part Time Employment
  - Freeze non-essential operating expenditures

## Questions?